**FUSIONISTS TROUBLED** 

# HAS SEVEN THOUSAND ENROL

Marvelous Growth of the Sound Money League of Kansas City Continues.

# TWO THOUSAND NEW NAMES YESTERDAY

Hundreds of Flags Were Distributed Yesterday Among the Members.

# SECOND NOON BUSINESS MEN'S MEETING.

Judge Black, A. E. Stilwell, Edward George and George J. Baer Spoke—Daily Simultaneous Meetings This Week All Over the City-Will Try to Secure United States Senator Thurston, of Nebraska-Roll of Membership.

Bugbee, T. E.; Betton, F. H.; Bridges, B.; Bullnyans, J. S.; Blake, O. P.; Boon, J. G.; Blumb, G. H.; Bolen, Hiram; Blod-

gett, W. W.; Brown, W. K.; Benson, Neil Baldwin, Irwin; Brown, Ralph J.; Brown

R. S.; Bake, James; Burton, William; Be-

R. S.; Bake, James; Burton, William; Beger, Fred; Benson, E.; Bruce, E. B.; Barbee, Clarence; Behan, H. G.; Beed, Bishop C.; Boob, C. H.; Berry, R. H.; Barrell, G. W.; Brown, A. J.; Bongardom, J. E.; Broadwell, C. B.; Burris, George H.; Bishop, Howard; Belknap, H. M.; Blake, J. J.; Berger, John; Bean, Rastus; Bean, Harris; Beardsley, Wallace B.; Barber, Stewart N.; Barker, H. E.; Boon, C. E.; Bennett, H. M.; Burroughs, F. E.; Ballantine, W. E.; Bool.

Burroughs, F. E.; Ballantine, W. E.; Ballantine, Note D.; Barter, C. B.; Buckhart,

Gus; Bohn, John W.; Beardsley, E. I.; Beschem, John; Bainster, H. E.; Butler, C.; Baker, William; Barclay, George B.;

Burkhalton, Eli; Burnett, James L.;

Burkhalton, Eli; Burnett, James L.; Boehmier, Phil.
Cole, H. S.; Cameron, J. T.; Connor, J. L.; Campbell, F. V.; Crasp, A. R.; Copley, L. G. R.; Carlson, E. A.; Cans, C. H.; Casper, Henry; Covendale, T. W.; Chambers, H. G.; Cunningham, J. D.; Cohns, C. H.; Claypool, J. S.; Charles, Lawrence A.; Chamberlain, James; Craine, E. E.; Cons, P. J.; Cunningham, David; Cans, Theo.

R. J.; Cunningham, David; Cans, Theo.; Coombs, Leslie; Colby, W. L.; Chaltin, Charles; Codding, M. O.; Crank, Cyrus;

Chase, C. W.; Chapman, W.; Canaday, J. M.; Casey, James H.; Crocker, Frank; Cormick, J.; Cahn, Elliott G.; Carlisle, F.

Dox, L. H.; Danan, J. B.; Doyle, T.; Doyle,

J. A.; Quinton, E. S.

Quin, E. T.; Quigg, Samuel S.; Quigley,

Ray, Browne; Robertson, William; Rake

Charles A.; Redman, L. E.; Ross, F. W.

Rutter, Charles; Rudolph, William; Rer frew, James W.; Rowell, L. G.; Roo

George E.; Rogers, E. F.; Rust, E.; Reed

W. M.: Rankin, W. D.: Rush, J. N.: Ro

O. D.; Rolland, J. H.; Ross, L. C.; Rush, C. H.; Reed, W. H.; Rodgers, Emmet C.

Rodgers, F. H.; Ryley, W. T.; Rich, J. Root, L. C.; Rich, M. A.; Roberson, C. G.

Reynolds, Frank; Ryan, O. T.; Roddy, John A.; Rutherford, J. N.; Richard, H.; Roberts, W. N.; Richardson, S. L.; Rugs, J. H.; Reynolds, Walter J.; Rowett, James,

Reed, E. O.; Rodgers, H. A.; Raymond, J. B.; Ross, Walter; Rickett, C. H.; Rodgers

Robert S.; Ryerman, S.; Rodgers, James; Rodgers, E. O.; Rockweel, W. F.; Rose, W. S.; Roe, W. S.; Ross, Robert D.; Re-ton, J. T.; Butler, J. F.; Ross, J. E.; Rice,

I.; Rexroth, Albert; Rosenbaum, L. Harry Roberts, George A.; Russell, Frank; Rowe

John; Rosenthal, Isaac; Rees, V. H.; Reynolds, Alex.; Rhoades, J. L.; Rollins, C. M.; Russell, F.; Rust, H.; Ryan, W. A.; Ruble,

J.; Reamer, David; Robbins, B. C.; Richmond, J. W.; Rusk, Scott; Robbins, E. M.

Reilly, Matt; Robinson, F. W.; Rubolt, Charles S.; Rall, George E.; Richards, George B.; Rosenberger, Jules C.; Rogers,

Solders, D. F.; Stuart, F. S.; Stumpen hurst, Charles D.; Schenden, M. P.; Segel

Charles; Slosson, W. H.; Severance, F. L. Schustrum, Gus H.; Smith, Thomas A. Sayers, J. R.; Smaller, Robert; Satterly,

G. L.; Simpson, Edward; Spellman, H. D.; Siebert, Jacob; Smith, E. S.; Shother, A. R.; Spottsround, W. F.; Sutherland, A. G.;

Siegtine, L. M.; Sloan, H. L.; Siger, R. D.; Sills, A. N.; Stevens, W. L.; Schermerhorn, J. G.; Strawn, E. M.; Stine, B. L.; Sowers,

A. B.; Storian, J. A.; Sullivan, John W. Sheffield, William; Schmiedgen, Fred B.

Shogran, D. H.; Slaughter, E. T.; Sabin

A. L.; Southern, Christopher; Smith, G. M.; Stoeltzing, Ernst; Simmons, J.; Simmons, J. W.; Simmons, C. J.; Sawyer, D. L.;

Stoltz, C. T.; Smith, Albert G.; Stewart, Dr. R. M.; Stezler, George W.; Slichter,

S. C.; Sayle, Wellesley; Sherwood, H. U.; Seymour, W. S.; Shepard, H. H.; Short, W. G.; Sullivan, D. F.; Shane, O. L.; Speck, R.

D.; Schulman, O.; Schneider, Louis; Shick, T. E.; Stilwell, C. J. Smithson, F.; Sillson, W. H.; Smith, E. M.;

Sturgeon, S. E.; Sanburne, George A.; Sommers, E.; Sommers, O. G.; Simpson, C. J.; Stine, C. H.; Schubert, Thomas; Stubenrauch, Henry; Shults, George A.; Swegler, Charles T.; Schilder, Charles N.;

eey, E.; Seruggins, B. S.; Stitt, Spencer

Slavens, R. B.; Savage, Albert; Sturck, A

Stuart, J. P.; Lewis, L. C.; Stevens, L. P.

J. P.; Smith, Harvey; Stitler, W. E.; Smith

A.; St. Clair, M. W.; Scott, E. J.; Simmons Henry; Southard, Moad; Spencer, Jame

T.; Sloan, James H.; Schultze, Henry E.

P.; Seltz, J. D.; Spengler, W. O.; Spring

field, L. K.; Strode, Fred B.; Sweeney,

R.; Sherlock, J. L.; Selling, W. H.; Siegel, Frank; Schoomaker, M. S.; Sibley, S. H.; Streett, Dr. St. Clair; Shattuck, Dr. E.; Sormish, Hiram; Strain, C. W.; Spitz, Ben;

Swanson, B.; Sheppard, H. B.; Stout, M.

B.; Shirley, W.; Stinson, Charles; Sherman, A. L.; Scott, H. P.; Sanford, J. S.; Smith,

steen, John W.; Skoglund, A. G.;

Stophlet, Frank C.; Sanders, William

Arthur; Robert, Edward E.: Rose,

W. C.: Rams, John C.

The headquarters of the Sound Money R.; Adams, F. G.; Ash, H. L.; Atkeson, League, at 102 West Ninth street, were crowded to the doors again yesterday from the poon bour to 1 o'clock, at the second of League, at 102 West Ninth street, were crowded to the doors again yesterday from the noon hour to 1 o'clock, at the second of the daily sound money business talks. Arrangements are being made to secure several halls where daily noon meetings will be held from now until the campaign ends. The headquarters were just a starter in this direction and the very first meeting demonstrated the utter inadequacy of the accommodations. It was thought that business men would be too busy to attend in any large numbers and the leaders of the movement would have been satisfied with merely filling the hall. But when the crowds extended for into the street and crowds extended far into the street and blocked the sidewalks, the leaders were jubilant and their enthusiasm has permeat-

dubliant and their enthusiasm has permeated the rank and file.

The headquarters of the Sound Money League are the busiest place in the city and great crowds thronged the rooms all day. Yesterday was a field day and several thousand persons signed the call of membership. It is now certain that the league will have 10,000 members by to-morrow or Tuesday. The growth of this movement is something unparalleled in the movement is something unparalleled in the history of political events in Kansas City. The Sound Money League was organized last Tuesday with 100 representative citizens, mostly business men, as members. The next day the membership was increased to 1,500. One thousand persons, at least, signed the roll on Thursday. Friday morning, the league hed. \*500 members. least, signed the roll on Thursday. Friday morning the league had 2,500 members. During the day the membership was doubled and more than 5,000 persons in all were upon the league rolls. The enrollment yesterday was almost as great and the week closed with an achievement never before surpassed in local political history. The work will be taken up to morrow morning and during the week it will be pushed with an activity compared with which that of the week just passed was complete apathy. The cause of sound money and national honesty, law and order, is growing with marvelous rapidity. The sound money league effectually supplemented the work who would not have been reached in any who would not have been reached in any other way. It gave an immense impetus to the cause of a stable currency and the maintenance of national hor

The Sound Money League yesterday be gan the distribution of flags, every member being given one. They will be unfurled from 10,000 homes and places of business constituting a new but timely

# Yesterday's Noon Meeting Headquarters were crowded to the curb

vesterday at the noon business men's meeting. Judge F. M. Black was the first speaker and he made a strong argument n favor of an honest dollar and defended assaults of the Chicago platform. A. E. Stilwell spoke from the standpoint of a business man and a large employer of labor, in favor of sound currency and

to business activity. Edward George and George J. Baer spoke briefly as business men, declaring themselves in favor of sound currency and

All the speeches were frequently applaud-

# For a Thurston Meeting.

W. B. Clarke, president of the Sound Money League, yesterday sent the following telegram to United States Senator J. . Thurston, of Nebraska: "Senator J. M. Thurston, Norfolk, Neb.:

The Sound Money League, of Kansas City, Mo.—three days old to-day and nearly 7,000 enrolled: few days more will make it 10,000-If you can give us a date we will give you an audience as large as any two opera-houses here will hold. "W. B. CLARKE, President,"

Letter From C. E. Gould. The following letter was received yesterday from Mr. C. E. Gould, of the Loose

"W. B. Clarke, Esq., President Sound Money League, City. Dear Sir:-Being in-terested in the sound money cause, I dere to submit the following:

free silver advocates is that the price of S. wheat advances or declines coincidently with the value of silver. The sharp advance in the price of wheat during the of silver, I think, is an object lesson sufficient to convince any man how utterly absurd the above stated theory is. "On August 1, 1896, bar silver was quoted

ican dollars, 55% cents. August wheat Scharch, John D.; Spencer, E.; Steven closed in Chicago at 57% cents per bushel. H. A.; Smith, H. R.; Showers, H. E.; Som Soft wheat sold in Kansas City at 56½ mers, S.; Spooles, J. K.; Swentzel, W. E.; cents per bushel.

"To-day, October 15, bar silver was quot-

ed in New York at 64% cents per ounce R. J.; Stuart, W. O.; Shield, G. W.; Dair (notwithstanding Mr. Bryan says he will Charles L.; Sheppard, H. H.; Stearnes be elected and silver will advance to \$1.29 Frank; Smith, W. B.; Sublett, T. F.; Sear per ounce). Mexican dollars were quoted at 49% cents. October wheat closed in Chicago at 69% cents per bushel. Soft wheat sold in Kansas City at 77 cents per bushel; A. J.; Smith, John T.; Stark, Lewis H. hard wheat at 63 cents per bushel. Shyford, R. E.; Sencer, Henry C.;

"Thus it will be seen that between Au-1, 1896, and October 15, 1896, bar silver in the New York market declined 4 cents John; Smith, A. J.; Snow, C. E.; Strolmer per ounce, while wheat in the Chicago William; Saunders, Richard; Sutter, Juliar market advanced 11% cents, and soft winter wheat in the Kansas City market advanced 20% cents per bushel.

"I have not seen this point brought out Schmack, C. L.; Shryock, John S.; Sn in any newspaper, nor have I heard of Warren M.; Solliday, H. F.; Sexton, Edgar speakers. Thought possibly you could get them to do this, hence my suggestion. Very respectfully, CLARENCE E. GOULD, "910 Charlotte street."

The following are the names added yes-Ashbrook T. P.: Arbuthnot J. B. Anard; Anderson, George; Albright, Henry William; Smith, Charles; Smith, Martin; about 1.000.000.

Smith, John; Smith, John A.; Smith, H. E.; Scott, W. P.; Sterritt, J. C.; Stevidson, M. D.; Snead, Robert; Shook, J. J.; Schonnopp, August; Stavnow, C. A.; Stamwood, J. H.; Semart, M. F.; Swazy, E. H.; Souther, J. K.; Sanders, S. E., Sneed, Ben; Stevens, Frank A.; Stewart, Robert; Spellman, C. H.; Stellugen, S.; Small, J. J.; Schven, George J.; Sesson, J. D.; Smith, Ede; Stetzler, Frank O.; Sigfrid, J.; Schell, John H.; Salisbury, Robert; Smith, Andrew; Smith, Major; Smith, S. G.

Thompson, Ben; Tibbs, William; Turner, H. K.; Thomas, August; Tomtillott, G. W.; Trigg, C. J.; Tuchmann, Nathan; Triele, Martin; Treut, H. S.; Trapnell, F. W.; Teller, Frank; Tuthill, E. S.; Thomas, F. L.; Tipton, Frank; Toelle, Henry; Thayer, William B.; Thomas, W. F.; Thompson, George W.; Tyler, W. H.; Thacklin, J. M.; Taylor, G. R.; Taylor, R. T.; Traber, H. D.; Tussell, C.; Tiffany, O. E. F.; Thomas, C. H.; Taylor, Henry J.; Thoburn, D. H.; Tupper, William; Taylor, Albert; Ter-Till, A. B.; Trow, Bert; Tuckman, Lewis; Tuckman, Harry; Tuckman, Samuel; Tudesdale, Lewis; Thompson, F. F.; Thrope, William; Thomley, John; Taylor, G. W.; Thompson, William; Thompson, J. W.; Tooley, Thomas; Taylor, George; Taylor, M.; Thompson, H. D.; Teter, U. S.; Tooley, William; Treling, N. M.; Taft, J. A. Ware, Charles; Wilson, C. C.; Waite, R. C.; Witt, John B.; Wentworth, F. A.; Wilding, F. K.; Walker, J. L.; Wiley, H. A.

# RAILROAD MEN ALL RIGHT. They Will Vote for McKinley, Says D.

D. Sweeney, Grand Master of

the Switchmen's Union. D. D. Sweeney, of Jersey City, N. J., grand master of the Switchmen's Union of North America, the headquarters of which are in this city, spent yesterday here visiting the local organization and the headquarters. Mr. Sweeney left last night for Chicago. He has visited every railroad center between New York city and Kansas City in the past few weeks, relative to the welfare of the different unions. He was asked as to the political sentiment among the railroad men throughout the country, and replied:
"The trainmen throughout this whole

country, with an insignificant number of exceptions, will cast their votes for Mc Kinley."

# MAY BE REMOVED.

U. S. Commissioner Perry Thought to Have Forfeited His Citizenship-Others Want His Job.

Strong pressure is being brought to bear upon Arthur C. Perry, of Kansas City, Kas., to induce him to resign, as United States commissioner. This movement is being prosecuted by C. J. Hanks and a number of others, who are anxious to succeed him. It is alleged that he has forfeited his citizenship in Kansas, the state from which he was appointed, by marry-ing his present wife within six months after his divorce from the first Mrs. Perry.

# A WESTERN UNION ENTERPRISE. Has Arranged for Many Sound Money Parties on Election Night.

Manager M. D. Wood and J. W. Murphy, of the Western Union Telegraph Company, have been working for three months past on a novel scheme. They conceived the idea that it would be a fine thing to have many "sound money parties" on election night. They sent letters to various sub-scribers, asking them if they did not wish to have wires run into their residences that they and their friends might receive election returns without having to stir from their firesides. The idea spread fast. Those who have applied for wires now number 200, and they are scattered from Hyde park to Independence avenue. Not only this, but all of the big saloons, every eral of the apartment houses have asked for wires. Among the Kansas Cityans who expect to give such parties are E. R. Crutcher, D. F. Beals, J. J. Heim, J. H. Alonzo Burt and others.

# THE FAMINE IN INDIA.

Appears Now to Be Inevitable-Its Probable Effect on the Price of Silver.

London, Oct. 17.-The famine in Norther India, which now appears to be inevitable, causes the greatest anxiety here, and it is recognized that the import of American wheat is likely to be the prime factor of the situation. Prices in the affected districts have risen considerably, and the California wheat en route is sold in advance at higher prices than the native wheat, indicating the conviction that prices will have risen still higher by the time the import sketched out vast schemes for railroad canal and other relief work.

The Statistician points out that the posi-tion of silver is most unpleasant, "though," it adds. "the price may be temporarily maintained. The opinion is growin the silver party will be unsuccessful elections, Consequently, silver will not re ceive the support of United States pur chasers, and the China demand is nil." Continuing, the Statistician says: threatened failure of the crops in India is serious matter for silver, as, with a scar sell rather than to buy ornaments. Hence the Indian demand may disappear for a considerable time. Thus it appears that a serious fall in the price of silver is probable unless the silver party gains power in

# KANSAS IRRIGATIONISTS.

Fourth Annual Convention of the State Association Ended-I. L. Diesem Elected President.

Great Bend, Kas., Oct. 17 .- (Special.) Th Kansas irrigation convention closed a three lays' session this afternoon. Congressman Blue, J. H. Churchill, D. M. Frost, M. B Tomblin, Wilard Johnson, Fred Dumon Smith, Judge J. S. Emery, Secretary F. D. Coburn, Ed Frizell, W. G. Russell, Pro fessor O. P. Hood, I. L. Diesem, W. C. Edwards, J. G. Stowe, N. F. Daum, John E. Frost W. Brutton, Chancellor F. H. Snow, E. R. Moses, Professor Haworth, President George T. Fairchild Baldwin, C. B. Hoffman, W. H. Barnes H. R. Hilton, C. H. Longstreth and others, all prominent irrigation enthusiasts, ad-Garden City, was elected president, and L. Baldwin, secretary, for the ensuing year. Much was done to push the great

## National Irrigation Congress. Phoenix, A. T., Oct. 17 .- (Special.) The fifth national irrigation congress will convene here on December 15 to 17 inclusive

Washington, Oct. 17.-Formal complaint of the attempt of the regular Democratic state committee of New York to collect campaign funds from the custom house employes at New York was made to-day to the civil service commission, by Thomas Babcock, chief of the board of civil serv-ice examiners at New York. The charges undoubtedly will be immediately investi-

Millions of Documents. Washington, Oct. 17 .- The Silver party and Pops to-day ceased the distribution of campaign documents. The Republicans and Democrats will continue to meet demands practically until election day. The Republican congressional committee has distrib-uted from Washington about 21,000,000 pieces; the Democrats, about 12,000,000; the Silverites about 4,000,000, and the Pops

# HORSE SENSE.

Silverite-"The government stamp will make the 53-cent dollar worth 100 cents." Goldite-"Then if the government stamped your whiskers 'hay," I suppose your horse would eat them!"-New York Ad-

TRIAL ARRUPTLY EXPER

SAW NO HOPE OF ACQUITTAL

SO THEY THREW THEMSELVES ON THE COURT'S MERCY.

Schwartz, Wells and McGinnis Fined \$1,000 and Sentenced to Two Years in the Penitentiary-Robbins and Hobson Get Lighter Sentences.

Springfield, Mo., Oct. 17 .- (Special.) The trial of G. R. Bell, alias Schwartz, and others implicated in the Mystic Numbers swindle, came to an abrupt termination this morning. The evidence against them was so overwhelming that, on the advice of their attorney, they withdrew their plea of not guilty and entered pleas of guilty, with the hope of clemency.

Thomas A. Robbins was sentenced three months in the Newton county jail, and to pay a fine of \$1,000. Thomas Hobson got off with a fine of \$1,000 and six months in the Neosho jail, James T Schwartz, chief conspirator; Henry J. Wells and Michael A. McGinnis were each sentenced to two years in the penitentiary and to pay a fine of \$1,000.

Shortly after the sentence was pro nounced, a dramatic scene occurred. The wife of McGinnis rose from her seat and severely criticised Judge Philips, saying that her husband was unjustly sentenced. as he was talked into the scheme and never made a cent out of the Bristian upward, she said, hysterically: "There is a supreme court up there." Afterward she said to a reporter that her husband was sick and would die in prison, and that he didn't belong in the same class with Bell, who beside getting him into this trouble, had ing questioned concerning the alleged murder, Mrs. McGinnis said that she had just heard about it last night. Bell had killed a man, dragged him out and buried him. but got off free because he had money to hoodwink the courts, Judge Philips ad-

journed court this evening. Bell, or Swartz, was arrested with Maginniss and Robbins at Neosho last June by United States Marshal Pearman. He claimed to be the organizer of the A. K. M. N., which he claimed meant the American Knights of the Mystic Numbers. He passed himself off as the special agent of the treasury department for the distribution of campaign funds, and told a clever story of the organization of the Mystic Numbers. They referred, he said, to the numbers of the treasury notes presented for redemption that were redeemed, but not canceled, and were placed in the "campaign fund," and by the agents, of which he was the leader, put out to discreet parties for use in the campaign. Only members of the organization were privileged to receive them. The initiation fee for members was \$250, and that entitled the member to receive \$2,000 in the retired bills for use. people together, interest them in scheme, and organize "conventions," as he called them, and receive their membership right, he would give each man a mortgage

# OKLAHOMA REGULATOR SHOT. Negro Uses a Shotgun With Good Effeet in Repulsing an Attack

On His Home. Guthrie, O. T., Oct. 17,-(Special.) The tawatomie county, has at last resulted in killing, and more trouble is likely to with a log. Davis fired at them with a her sister, Mrs. Webb, in this city. by the accidental discharge of his shotgun, but a post mortem reveals the fact that this was impossible, and the officers over the whole affair, and an open race war is likely to result.

# HIGHBINDER WAR IMPENDING. San Francisco Chinese Waiting for an Opportunity to Inaugurate

a Reign of Terror. afraid to take any openly concerted action. but many murderous plans are said to be on foot as a result of the efforts of Fung Yung Hang, the Chinese consul, to break up the See Yups, reputed to be the most lawless and desperate of the highbinders. The president and vice presidents of the four companies comprising the See Yups society are reported to be in hiding, havbeen signed by the highbinders of their a sideshow, which cost \$20, and denied society, and that assassing have been as-

signed to the work of killing the officers. The highbinders accuse their officers of treachery in having signed a treaty of peace with the officers of opposing cieties, pursuant to orders from the nese minister at Washington. The high binders also charge their president with the embezzlement of See Yup funds.

The Chinese are furious at the consu for the destruction of highbinder room and josses. The See Yups this afternoon obtained an injunction from the superio court to prevent further consular demoli tion, but a swifter vengeance than mer-legal redress is desired by the enrage highbinders, who have been engaged in factional strife for the past two years.

# OKLAHOMA TOWN RAIDED.

Guthrie, O. T., Oct. 17 .- (Special.) The

Six Masked Men Ride Into Carney and Rob the Stores and Postoffice.

little town of Carney, eighteen miles east of here, was held up at about 9 o'clock to-night by six masked men, mounted an heavily armed. They secured about \$1,000 from the traders' store of B. Fouts. The sum of money taken. Others of the twelve no telegraph office and news is meager Fouts and his son were taken about three miles from town and bound to a tree. At another agent has been sent out to "do" 11 o'clock four men answering the descriptions of the Carney outlaws rode into Mulhall, a small town town twenty miles north of here, on the railroad, and at the point of their guns compelled a liveryman o give them new horses. After securing the horses, they fired several shots and rode out of town. Three posses, number ing about twenty-five men each, were or ganized here and are in pursuit.

# LUNATIC ON A RAMPAGE.

Farmer Living Near Lee's Summit Goes Crasy and Starts Out With a Gun.

Lee's Summit, Mo., Oct. 17.-(Special.) John Sears, a farmer living about eight insane yesterday afternoon and after whipping his wife started out to kill every person that came his way. At the home of Robert Wright he found no one at home except Ernest Wright, a boy of 14, whom he shot through the abdomen. The neighbors by this time had been aroused and upon his arrival at the next farm house he was captured and overpowere brought to Lee's Summit and placed in jail. On the way to town he attempted to commit suicide by cutting his throat with a pocketknife. He also offered or The boy is not expected to live.

# TO BE HANGED FOR ASSAULT. Indian Territory Negro Sentenced to Death for Criminally Mistreating a White Girl.

Ardmore, I. T., Oct. 17 .- Unless President Cleveland interferes in his behalf. Charles Johnson, a negro convicted of criminal assault, will pay the penaltiy for his crime on the gallows. This will be the first legal hanging in the Indian Territory under full jurisdiction. The case was tried in federal court to-day, a special venire of sixty men being drawn from which to complete the jury. After being out eight minutes During the night of July 24, Johnson en-

for several times the amount of his fee ticed a white girl, Pearl McCormick, from as collateral security for what he paid in. her home by a note asking her to go to the home of a sick friend, and compelled The day of his execution will be fixed next week. An additional jail guard has been added to the force at the jail here

YOUNG WIDOW KILLS HERSELF.

White Cap agitation near Earlboro, Pot- Ends Her Life Because of the Death of Her Flance.

Philadelphia, Oct. 17.-Mrs. May A. Price, follow. Thursday night the gang of reg- a young widow formerly employed as a ulators who have been whipping negroes stenographer for a New York firm, comsurrounded the house of John H. Davis, a mitted suicide during the night by shooting negro, and attempted to burst in the door herself in the left breast, at the home of double-barrelel shotgun. One man fell and tragedy is said to be due to the death of was carried off by his companions. Yesterday G. L. Derrick, a white farmer, died the dead man is in a critical state of health of wounds claimed to have been inflicted and should she learn of Mrs. Prince's suicide is might cause her death also.

The dead woman is described as having been a beauty of the blonde type. About six years ago she was divorced from Billy shot and that they are on track of the Price, assistant manager of Burbank the-others. There is much excitement and bad ater, Los Angeles, Cal. She was a journal-blood over the whole affair, and an open ist by profession and contributed to several New York and Western papers.

# His Examination Held in the County

Jail at Maryville.

Maryville, Mo., Oct. 17 .- (Special.) Ezra Rasco, the lad who murdered Mrs. John San Francisco, Oct. 17.-The highbinders Baumley, near Arkoe, Nodaway county, of the Chinese colony in this city are three weeks ago, was arraigned before walting for a relaxation of police vigi-lance to inaugurate a reign of terror. The Chinatown police squad has been so largely bail. The examination was conducted inincreased of late that the highbinders are side the county jail to guard against trou side the county juil to guard against troub-le. Early this morning the farmers began to flock to town, and while there was no They were greeted by a large audience to flock to town, and while there was no excitement and no talk of lynching, Sheriff Pixler desired to be on the safe side.

# "Buffalo Bill" Arrested.

St. Joseph, Mo., Oct. 17 .- (Special.) "Bufarrested to-day by Patrolman George Hays on the charge of giving his Wild West exhibition and street parade in this city with ing learned that their death warrants had out a license. Cody procured a license for

Continued on Second Page,

DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE LOOKING FOR COERCION.

# SEND A MAN TO KANSAS CITY.

INSTRUCT HIM TO WORK IN THE BIG **ESTABLISHMENTS** 

The Gentleman Arrived Early Yesterday Morning and by 10 O'clock Was in Evidence in One of the Leading Business Houses.

St. Louis, Oct. 17 .- (Special.) The state Democratic committee has concluded to undertake the job of making political capital out of the coercion dodge. This is a development from the Crawford incident, and as a result, a representative of the committee, or rather a detective agent of he committee, employed through an agency, has been sent to Kansas City to work up a case of "coercion" if possible St. Joseph, Sedalia and other towns where it is supposed business is transacted.

The man sent to Kansas City is instructed to work up a case if possible in a large establishment, the leading stockholders of which are sound money Democrats. The state committee is especially anxious to find out coercion of Bryanism indulged in by the sound money element. He is expected to bring in a case, or cases, and make horrible political example out of some of the leading business men of Kansas City, and add this acquisition to the crime of 73, to be used during the remain-der of the campaign. The result of the espionage at the hands of employed de-tectives is to be made public at the earliest

The agent of the state Democratic comracket, reached the city on an early train yesterday morning. He was in a leading business establishment by 10 o'clock in the morning. While professing to want to make a purchase, he found a clerk whose name had been given him. The clerk is a free silver Bryan man. He made his m known to the clerk, and asked that he be given his confidence to play out the game. The detective made inquiry about an employe who is a free silver man who had been ousted some days ago. He was told that the man had been "fired" three times rom the same establishment for not attending to business and this is supposed to be the "third and last call for breakfast a the dining car." The detective was told by the free silver clerk that the man who n ousted had lost his job for cause plainly and he had better not try and make a case of attempted 'coercion.' The de-tective replied that he would continue the

nvestigation and see for himself.
On being asked his name he said it was "Wheeler," and that he had instructions to investigate all the leading business ouses in town and the state committee had given him instructions to find a case "coercion" and he felt that he would h able to make a showing of that sort. He named some of the prominent establish nents that had been named by the com nittee as desirable marks It seems that the committee is especially

It seems that the common of the prominent anxious to get after some of the prominent business establishments in the city be business establishments in the cause prominent sound money Democrats are connected with the same. The usua financial contributions did not come their way this year and this may have emphasized their determination to make a cru sade against the business concerns of Kan Editor Knott at St. Joseph.

St. Joseph, Mo., Oct. 17.-(Special.) Richard W. Knott, editor of the Louisville Post, arrived in the city to-day and made sound money speech at Turner hall to-night. He said McKinley would be elected without a doubt, but that the defeat would ot disrupt the Democratic party. He hinks it will get together again on the Indianapolis platform, the platform of Jef-ferson, and the one on which the party has always stood.

# Mayor Walbridge at Macon.

Macon, Mo., Oct. 17.—(Special.) Hon. Cyrus P. Walbridge, mayor of St. Louis, adrus P. Walbridge, mayor of St. Louis, addressed a packed audience at the opera house to-night. The announcement of his appearance was extensively posted throughout the county, and many farmers that were in for the Saturday trading. that were in for the Saturday trading, stayed over to hear him. Referring to the prospects of Mr. Lewis, Mayor Walbridge promised not less than 30,000 majority in the city of St. Louis,

Orton Closes in Clay County. Excelsior Springs, Mo., Oct. 17 .- (Special.) Judge H. G. Orton, Republican candidate for congress in this district, closed his campaign in Clay county at Harlem to-night, having made six speeches in the county. He has had good audiences at every point, and confidently expects good results from his canvass. The prospects are now that McKinley, Lewis and Orton will get a big vote in Clay county—a vote that will surprise those who are supporting Bryan and flirting with the Populists.

Gold Democratic Meeting. Carthage, Mo., Oct. 17.-(Special.) very able addresses were given to-night at and their presence in the city was a source of discomfort to the free silver and was rendered more annoying by the report received that the ranks of the fre

Pole Raising at Lemon's Station. Unionville, Mo., Oct. 17.—(Special.) The Republicans of this county held a meeting and pole raising at Lemon's station, this

silver Republicans are being constantly

Continued on Second Page.

# WATSON'S LATEST MOVE.

WERE DUMFOUNDED AT FIRST.

JOURNAL'S STORY.

Watson Cannot Withdraw His Name From the Fusion Tickct-Mr. Watson's Affidavit

Has Not Yet Arrived.

Topeka, Kas., Oct. 17.—(Special.) The announcement published in to-day's Journal that Thomas E. Watson had forwarded from his home in Georgia an affidavit with-drawing his name from the head of the Breidenthal Populist ticket as vice presidential nominee caused a big stir in political circles. The managers of the Popocratic campaign were completely dumfounded.

At first they would not believe the story, but when shown a telegram from Mr. Wat-son in which he said he had sent the necessary affidavit, they became convinced that the story was true.

The affidavit did not reach Topeka this evening. It will not be here until Monday morning. This afternoon, however, Secre-tary Abe Steinberger, of the middle-of-the-road Populist state committee, filed the following affidavit with the secretary of

"State of Kansas, Shawnee County, ss.
"I, Abe Steinberger, being duly sworm according to law, depose and say that I am the duly authorized agent and representative in the state of Kansas of Thomas E. Watson, the Populist nominee for vice president, and that I am fully empowered and have been authorized as autorized. vice president, and that I am fully empowered and have been authorized, as evidenced by telegram filed herewith, and as such agent and representative, and with the further knowledge that the said Thomas E. Watson's refusal to permit his name to appear on such ticket, accompanied by required affidavit, has been mailed to the secretary of state of Kansas, I hereby protest against the certification by the secretary of state of the name of said Thomas E. Watson on the so-called People's party ticket over the names of the ple's party ticket over the names of the Bryan and Sewall electors named at the Hutchinson Democratic convention and pretended to have been named at the Abilene People's party convention, and I request that the secretary of state omit the name of Thomas E. Watson from the heading of such ticket.

"A STEINBERGER."

"Subscribed and sworn to before me this 17th day of October, 1896. T. S. STOVER, "Assistant Secretary of State."

The telegram referred to in the above af-fidavit was received by Mr. Steinberger to-day and reads:

day and reads:

"Thomson, Ga., Oct. 16.

"Abe Steinberger, Topeka, Kas.

"Hand this to secretary of state. Do not certify my name on Abliene ticket to county clerks. My affidavit withdrawing my name has been mailed you.

"THOMAS F. WATSON."

"THOMAS E. WATSON."

Secretary Steinberger refused at first to make the message public, for fear that the sell-out crowd would have Bryan send a similar affidavit withdrawing his name from the he middle-of-the-road ticket as nomines for president.

That the sell-out crowd will oppose any move to take Watson's name from the Breidenthal ticket is evident.

Breidenthal ticket is evident. The man-agers already claim that the time for filing any protests or withdrawals expires to-

They assert that the law requires an intervention of fifteen days between the time of filing and election day. According to their way of figuring the filing of a pro-test Monday makes it one day late. The

to their way of figuring the filing of a protest Monday makes it one day late. The Republicans claim that candidates have until Monday night to file protests or withdrawals. As a precaution, however, Mr. Steinberger, as the representative of Mr. Watson, filed the protest printed above. Chairman Breidenthal, of the sell-out Populist comittee, seemed somewhat down-hearted over the action of Mr. Watson. He was not very anxious to talk about the affair.

"I have had no communication with Watson," said he, "on the subject, and I do not believe he will stuitify himself by playing into the hands of the Republicans in any such a manner. He certainly knows that the campaign now being carried on by the middle-of-the-road Popullsts is paid for with Republican money."

"Has Watson authority to withdraw his name?" was asked.

"I don't want to talk about the matter until I know positively that Watson has sent an affidavit asking that his name be withdrawn."

When assured that Watson had sent a telegram himself announcing that he had withdrawn."
When assured that Watson had sent a
telegram himself announcing that he had
sent such an affidavit, Mr. Breidenthal

sent such an affidavit, Mr. Breidenthal said:

"Watson has not been nominated by any convention in this state and the only way he can have his name legally withdrawn is by tendering his resignation as the People's party nominee for vice president of the United States to the national committee. In this state we have nominated electors, not a vice president. The names of the candidates for president and vice president are just placed at the head of the ticket as a party appellation and are not voted upon at all."

"Will you oppose having his name taken off your ticket upon his request?"

"I will not say."

The contest board decided not to pass on Watson's decilnation as presented by Stein-

Watson's declination as presented by Stein-berger until the certificates and papers for-warded by Mr. Watson Friday arrive. The matter will be taken up Monday, as the pa-

# WILLITS' CROWD WINS. Middle-of-the-Road Ticket to Go on the Official Ballot in

Kansas. Topeka, Kas., Oct. 17.-(Special.) The secretary of state, attorney general and state auditor met to-day as a contest board to hear the protests against the printing of the middle-of-the-road Populist electoral ticket on the official ballot, and also against printing the name of Thomas E. Watson at the head of the Breidenthal Populist ticket as its vice presidential nom

The board decided that the middle-of-theroad ticket should be printed, and overruled the protest against the use of Wat-son's name at the head of the fusion Pop-

The board took up the protest against the middle-of-the-road Populist electoral ticket, first filed by C. G. Clemens, better known as "Anarchist" Clemens. In the protest, Clemens claimed that the petitions protest, Clemens claimed that the perfection filed by the Willits faction were not in ap-parent conformity with the law, and that not more than 200 of the 1,021 names on the petitions were genuine. He charged wholesale forgery and misrepresentation Mr. Clemens fell short in his ef

prove that not more than 200 of the names on the middle-of-the-road petitions were genuine. He introduced several letters and affidavits, but the best he could do was to cut the original number down just forty-nine. Of this number, only seven men said that they had not signed the petitions. The other forty-two were thrown out because it was charged that they did not belong to the Populist party, although no positive proof was adduced. The board just took Mr. Clemens' word for it, and let it go at that. After striking all the names from the petitions that were in any way attacked, it left over 900. The board in rendering its decision stated

that if it had been shown that not 500 Pop-ulists had signed the petitions, it would recial ballots; but the evidence did not show